A stack of books on a desk

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Cairo University  
Faculty of Computers and Artificial Intelligence

**CS251**

**Introduction to Software Engineering**

**Money Minds (Budgeting app)**

**Software Design Specifications**

**Version 2.6**

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# Team

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# Document Purpose and Audience

**Purpose**

• This document describes the design, structure, & functionality of the Budget Manager application.

• It explains how users can track their incomes, expenses, and generate financial reports.

• It outlines the main components, their responsibilities, and how they interact with each other.

**Audience**

• Developers – to understand the system architecture and build the application.

• Project Manager – to oversee the project development and ensure requirements are met.

• Testers/QA Team – to reference expected functionalities during testing.

• Potential Stakeholders (optional) – to review the overall app structure and features.

# System Models

## I. Architecture Diagram

**Software Architecture Choice**

For the Budget Manager application, we selected an **architecture** consisting of the **Frontend**, **Backend**, and **Database** layers, connected through APIs and supported by Authentication and Analytics services.  
This architecture is suitable for the project because it provides:

* **Separation of concerns**: each layer has a specific responsibility (UI, business logic, data storage).
* **Scalability**: the application can grow by upgrading each tier independently.
* **Security**: user data can be protected through centralized authentication mechanisms.
* **Maintainability**: the structure simplifies debugging, updates, and future enhancements.

**System Components**

The system is divided into the following main components:

* **Users**: Individuals who interact with the application to manage their budgets.
* **Front End (Application)**: The graphical user interface that users interact with. It sends and receives data via APIs.
* **API**: Facilitates communication between the Front End and the Back End.
* **Back End**: Processes requests, applies business logic, manages authentication, reporting, and communicates with the database.
* **Authentication Service**: Handles user login, registration, and secure access management.
* **Database (SQL)**: Stores persistent data, including users’ incomes, expenses, and transaction history.
* **Analytics & Reporting**: Generates financial reports and visual insights based on user data.

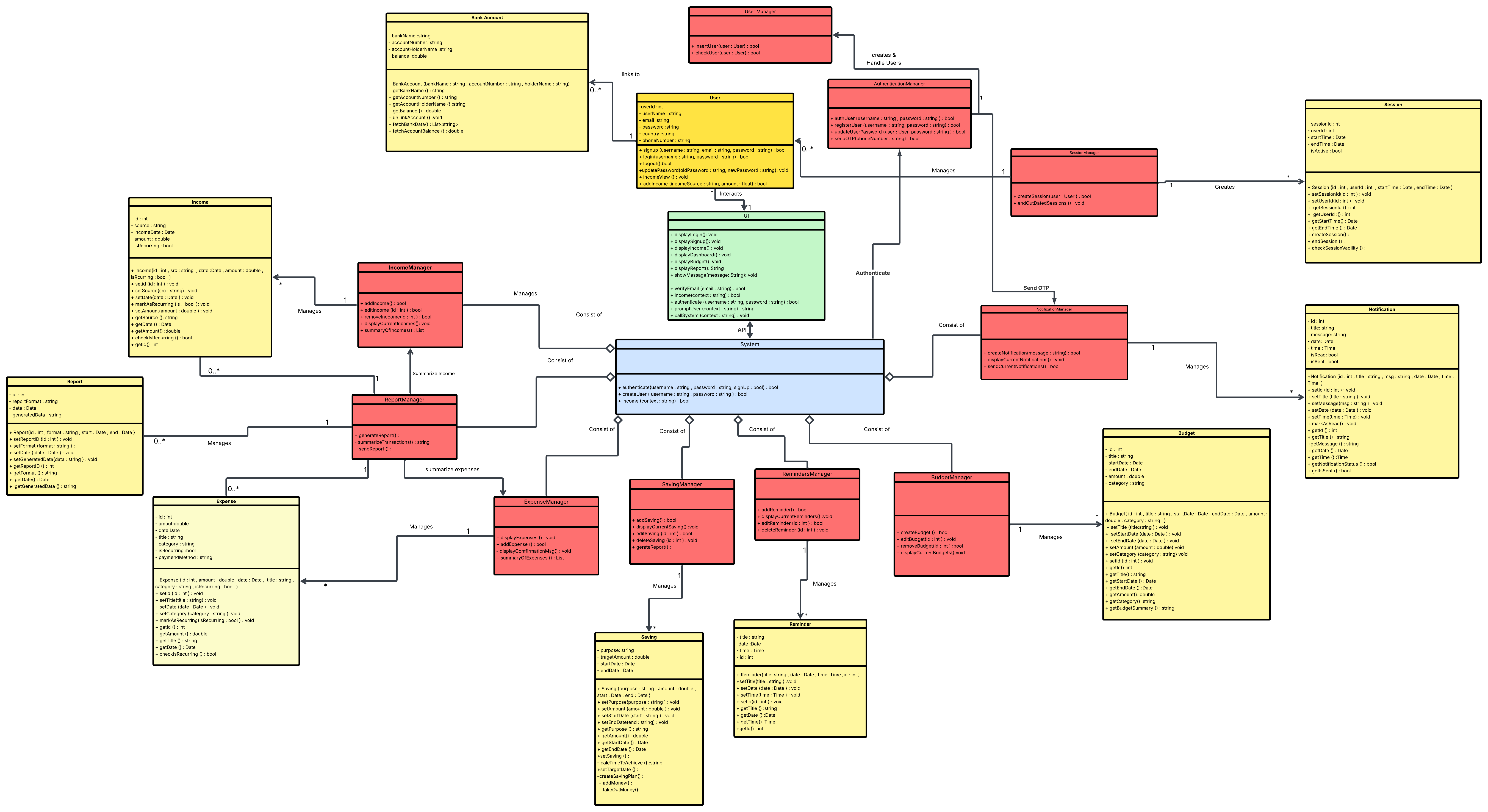
**Architecture Diagram**

The architecture diagram below shows the relationship between different components using a simple arrow-and-box notation:

A screenshot of a computer

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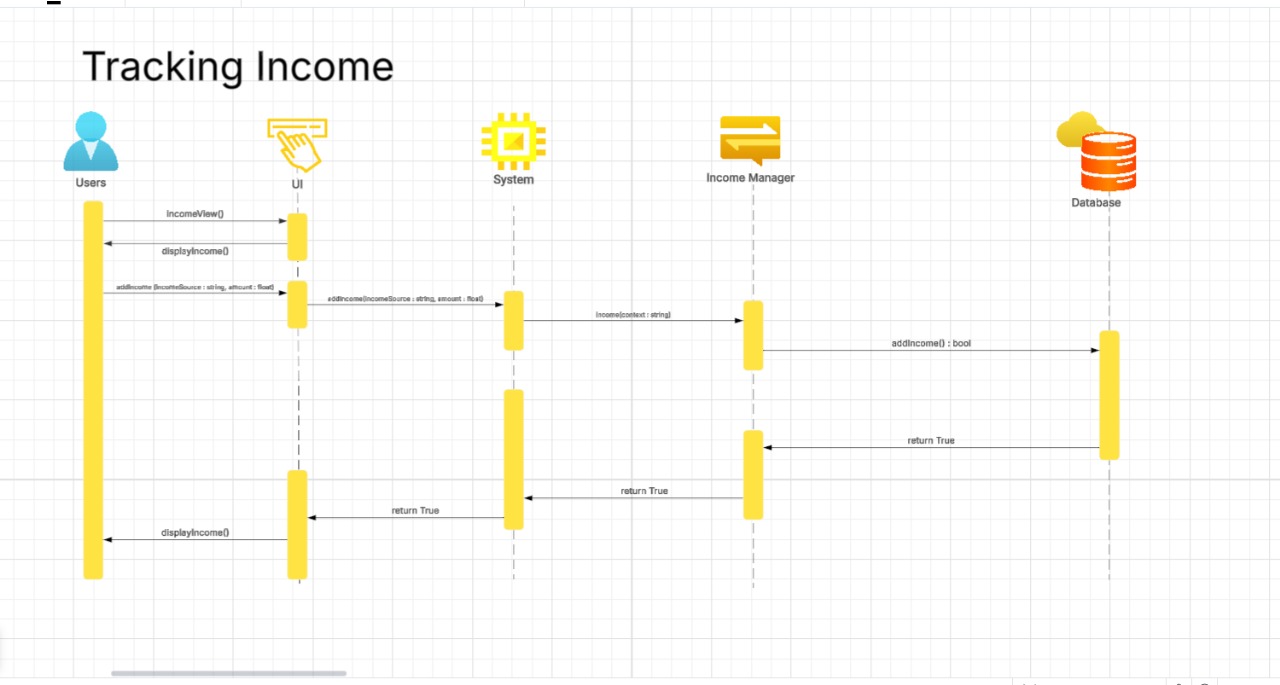
## II. Class Diagram(s)



## III. Class Descriptions

| **Class ID** | **Class Name** | **Description & Responsibility** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | Income | Represents an income entry with properties like source, amount, and date; responsible for managing income-related operations. |
| 2 | IncomeManager | Manages multiple Income objects; responsible for adding, deleting, retrieving, and summarizing incomes. |
| 3 | BankAccount | Represents a user’s bank account details; responsible for storing account number, balance, and bank name. |
| 4 | Report | Represents financial reports; responsible for summarizing income and expenses over a time period. |
| 5 | ReportManager | Manages creation and retrieval of financial reports based on user data. |
| 6 | Expense | Represents an expense entry with properties like type, amount, and description; manages individual expense records. |
| 7 | ExpenseManager | Manages multiple Expense objects; responsible for adding, deleting, and retrieving expenses. |
| 8 | Saving | Represents a saving goal or entry; manages target amounts and current savings status. |
| 9 | SavingManager | Manages user savings; responsible for adding savings and generating saving reports. |
| 10 | User | Represents a system user with authentication credentials; manages personal user details. |
| 11 | UserManager | Manages creating and checking for users in the database. |
| 12 | Budget | Represents a budget plan for a category or time period; manages allocation and spending tracking. |
| 13 | BudgetManager | Manages user budgets; responsible for creating and managing budget plans. |
| 14 | Notification | *Represents a message or alert sent to users; responsible for delivering real-time updates, reminders, or warnings based on system events or user actions.* |
| 15 | Notification Manager | Represents a notification message; manages sending alerts to users. |
| 16 | AuthenticationManager | Responsible for verifying and managing user authentication (login/signup). |
| 17 | Reminder | *Represents a scheduled alert for important financial activities or goals; responsible for setting, updating, and managing reminders triggered at specific times or conditions.* |
| 18 | Reminder Manager | Represents a reminder entity; manages notification scheduling. |
| 19 | UI | Represents the front end of the application where the user would interact with the system. |
| 20 | System | Central class represents the entire system; that coordinates between managers and entities. |
| 21 | Session | Represents a user's active interaction period with the system; responsible for temporarily storing user data (such as login state…) during usage, until the session ends or expires. |
| 22 | Session Manager | *Responsible for creating, maintaining, and terminating user sessions; manages session-related data like active users, timeouts, and session validation to ensure continuous and secure user interaction.* |

## IV. Sequence diagrams



### Class - Sequence Usage Table

| **Sequence Diagram** | **Classes Used** | **All Methods Used** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. Sign Up | Users  UI  System  Authentication Manager  User Manager  Notification Manager | signup (username : string, email : string, password : string)  showMessage("Invalid Email")  verifyEmail (email : string)  authenticate(username : string , password : string, signUp : bool )  SendOTP(phoneNumber : string)  SendCurrentNotifications() createNotification(message : string)  promptUser (context : string)  callSystem(context : string)  createUser ( username : string , password : string )  registerUser (username : string, password : string)  insertUser(user : User)  displayDashBoard() |
| 1. Log in | Users  UI  System  Authentication Manager  User Manager  Notification Manager | login(username : string, password : string)  authenticate (username : string, password : string)  authUser (username : string , password : string )  checkUser(user : User)  showMessage("Invalid Credentials")  displayDashBoard() |
| 1. Track Income | Users  UI  System  Income Manager | incomeView()  displayIncome()  addIncome (incomeSource : string, amount : float)  income(context : string)  addIncome() : bool |

## V. State Diagram

* **For the ONE MOST IMPORTANT object, draw a state diagram to show the developer the different states it can be in. (for example it is initially created, then it can be shipped, cancelled (if cancelling is possible), …., etc.)**

## VI. SOLID Principles

* **Explain how you applied THREE OF THE SOLID PRINCIPLES in your design and show the part that the principles where applied in.**

## VII. Design Patterns

* **Use at least THREE DESIGN PATTERNS, any ones from the 23 patterns, not just ones explained in lecture. Explain where you used it and what was the benefit of using it in this place.**

# Tools

* LucidChart

# Ownership Report

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Item** | **Owners** |
| Loai Hataba | System Architecture & Sequence Diagrams |
| Abdullah Mohammed |  |
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